FOOD CONSUMPTION AND FOOD PRESERVATION PRACTICES OF FARM FAMILIES

A basis for estimating frozen food storage space a family would use by

Reserve

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Mary E. Loughead
Extension Specialist, Food
Preservation

Surveys, studies and reports from various sources on food consumption and food preservation practices of farm families gives information on amount of food used and the distribution between the various food groups for both fresh and preserved food. This type of information may serve as a useful guide in estimating the amount of frozen foodsstorage space it would be practical for a family to make provision for, even though the practices followed may not agree with recommended family food supply plans.

The data presented here is drawn from a variety of sources and may not be considered comparable. However, the data given and other data of a similar nature does show more or less of a pattern of food consumption and food preservation practices which may be significant in estimating amount of frozen food storage needed.

*. Family Food Consumption in the United States

The study of Family Spending and Saving in Martime, conducted by the Bureau of Human Nutrition and Home Economics and the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics in 1942, (1) shows the following habits, or practices, in family food consumption:

Average total consumption of food per person per week

Average consumption per person per week, all income levels,

from selected food groups (bulk of frozen or canned foods

come from these groups):

Green and yellow vegetables
Other vegetables and fruits
(does not include notates sweet notates dry bears ness)

(does not include potatoes, sweet potatoes, dry beans, peas)

Meat, poultry, fish

(the amount of meat, poultry and fish consumed at the

highest income level was 2.61 lbs. per person per week)
mount of canned fruits and vegetables consumed in spring

of 1942

(about 1 quart) per person per week

Amount of farm-furnished food

1.69 lbs. of the 2.16 lbs. canned fruits and vegetables consumed per week was farm furnished

1.11 lbs. (slightly more than 3/5) of the 1.83 lbs. of meat, poultry and fish consumed per week was farm furnished

B. Home Food Preservation

1. Distribution of products canned in farm households in 1944

Based on a national survey made by the BAE, (2) the total amount of fruits and vegetables canned in farm homes in 1944 was 1,385,000,000 quarts. The

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⁽¹⁾ Family Food Consumption in the United States, U.O.D.A., Misc. Publ. No. 550 (pp.10-13)

⁽²⁾Home Preservation of fruits and Vegetables in 1944. U.S.D..., BAE, April 1945 (p.7)

distribution between the various items canned was, approximately, as follows:

Fruits	. 40 per cent
Tomatoes and tomato juice	. 20 " "
Jams, jellies.	. 6 " "
Beans, (all types)	9
Pickles, relishes	7.
Corn	6 . " "
Peas	5
Sauerkraut	. 2
Greens (all types)	
Miscellaneous	4 " "
(includes sweet potatoes)	

2. Average amount of food canned per family in 1941 in areas representing the entire rural population of the country. (3)

Vegetables			 . 102 quarts
Pickles, relishes			The to
Preserves, jellies, jer	ms		 27 quarts
Fruit			 88 quarts
Meat and Poultry		THE REPORT OF	 14 quarts
Miscellaneous			1 quart
- 1 7 . 9 FEE 18 TO 18 OF 18	Total	The state of the s	 232 quarts

(Purchased food was used to can 5 quarts of the vegetables, 6 quarts of the preserves, jams, and jellies, 27 quarts of the fruit and 1 quart of the meat and poultry.)

3. Average amount of food preserved per farm family in Michigan in 1945 (4)

Canned fruit		 0									. 1	00	quarts
Canned Vegetables												84	quarts
Canned meat												22	quarts
Brined vegetables.							 ۰					14	quarts
Brined meat												3	gal.
Dried fruit,		 1.					 Tho	0 0	0 0		. 0 .	08	1b.
Dried vegetables .							 F			-	. 0.	4 1	bs.
Frozen fruit													
Cured meat					 10							16	lbs.
Stored fruit						99					";	18	lbs.
Stored vegetables							 				. 5	64	lbs.
Frozen vegetables		2				. 55	 				1	9	lbs.
Frozen meat	1 . 3		17.	o i			 			0 %	. 4 1	46	lbs.

(4) Annual Report, Extension Service, Nutrition Project (unpublished) Michigan, 1945 (p.11)

⁽³⁾ Rurel Family Spending and Seving in Lartime. U.S.D.A., Misc. Pub. No. 520, (Table 11, page 39)

POINTS BROUGHT OUT IN DATA WHICH MAY BE SIGNIFICANT

- 1. Appreciable amounts of fruits, vegetables and meats (fresh and canned) consumed by farm families are not farm produced.
- 2. A large proportion (35 per cent * or -) of the foods canned by farm families are items that would probably not be preserved by freezing--tomatoes, tomato juice, jams, jellies, preserves, pickles, relishes, sauerkraut.
- 3. On an average, farm families preserve under 250 quarts of fruits, vegetables and meats by canning.

DISCUSSION

Present food preservation practices may not be too reliable as a guide to estimating amount of frozen food storage space requirements, but at that may be more reliable than recommended food supply plans. Indications that amount of food preserved by farm families does not measure up to recommended food supply plans is borne out in many State Extension Specialists reports. Not enough is known about how freezing will alter food consumption or food preservation practices. The following questions may be raised on this point:

- Will freezing replace all camning except for those items which are not suitable for freezing, or practical to freeze?
- Will freezing result in an increase in total food consumption or will the amount of food consumed remain about the same but be distributed differently?
- Will farm families purchase as much food for freezing as they now purchase for canning, or will they purchase the frozen product as needed and avoid storage expense?
- If the price of food drops, will they be willing to preserve cheap food by an expensive method?
- Will freezing replace any other methods of food preservation commonly practiced, such as storage for fresh vegetables and fruits?

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